# Ribbon Concordances and Slice Obstructions: experiments and examples

Gauge Theory and Low Dimensional Topology Conference - University of Miami

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(on work-in-progress, joint with Nathan Dunfield)

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## The goal: Finding concordances

A concordance between knots  $K_1, K_2 \subset S^3$  is a cylinder  $F \subset S^3 \times [0,1]$  such that its boundary consists of  $K_1 \subset S^3 \times 0$  and  $K_2 \subset S^3 \times 1$ .

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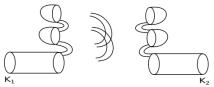
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- ▶ Goal: find slice knots and concordances between various knots.

#### Ribbon concordances and ribbon knots

Consider the concordance embedded in  $S^3 \times [0,1]$  in such a way that the projection to [0,1] is a Morse function, so that critical points are maxima, minima, or saddle points.

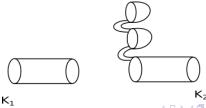


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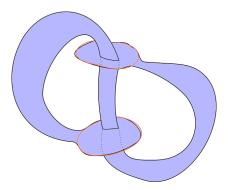


We say that a concordance is a ribbon concordance from  $K_1$  to  $K_2$  if there are no local minima. We say that a knot is ribbon if it admits a ribbon concordance to the unknot.



#### A ribbon disk

Ribbon knots can be thought of as an unlink with some ribbons attached.



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- ▶ Gordon's conjecture: If there is a ribbon concordance from  $K_1$  to  $K_2$ , does this mean  $K_2$  has smaller volume?
  - We generally expect that if there is a ribbon concordance from  $K_1$  to  $K_2$ , then  $K_2$  is simpler than  $K_1$ .
  - ▶ Zemke, 2019: If there is a ribbon concordance from  $K_1$  to  $K_2$ , then the knot Floer homology of  $K_2$  is a direct summand of that of  $K_1$ .
  - Agol, 2022: Ribbon concordance is a partial ordering

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- ➤ Sq<sup>1</sup> invariant for odd Khovanov homology: A refinement of the *s* invariant corresponding to the first Steenrod square on odd Khovanov.



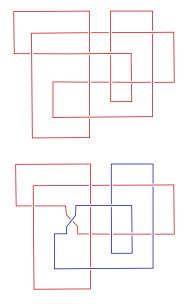
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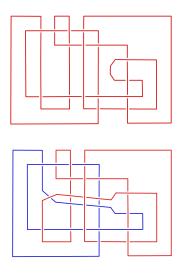
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- We can think of a saddle point as the addition of a band.
- Randomly add k bands that increase the number of components.
- ▶ Check if the result is a link composed of a knot K' along with k unknotted, unlinked components. If so then you have obtained a ribbon concordance from K to K'.

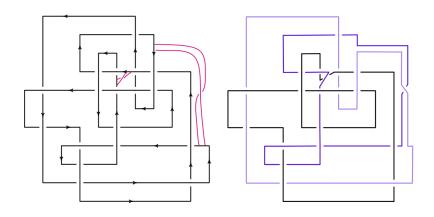
# Example of a ribbon disk we found



# A longer band



# An example where we needed two bands



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  - signature is zero
  - multi-variate Fox-Milnor test

## Summary of concordances found

- ▶ Of the 350 million knots of up to 19 crossings, 3.87 million have signature 0 and satisfy the Fox Milnor condition Of these:
  - ▶ 2,218,555 (57.3%) are not slice
  - ▶ 1,632,995 (42.2%) are ribbon
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- Of the ribbon cobordisms:
  - ▶ 1,249,589 used 1 band
  - 381,703 used 2 bands
  - 1,644 used 3 bands
  - 59 used 4 bands

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  - ► The largest is the unknot with 1,632,995 nodes. Second largest has K11n34 as the sink and has 1673 nodes.

## Summary of obstructions

- ► 56.7% (2,194,701) Herald-Kirk-Livingston
- ► 5.0% ( 195,069) tau/epsilon/nu
- ▶ 5.0% ( 195,155) s-invariant (over  $F_2$  or  $F_3$ )
- ▶ 6.5% ( 252,805) *Sq*<sup>1</sup> for odd Khovanov
- ▶ 0.0% (1) The Conway knot isn't slice
- ▶ 1.2% (4,677) Ribbon concordances
- $ightharpoonup Sq^1$  for even homology, and s with rational coefficients did not obstruct anything that others did not obstruct

## Owens-Swenton computations for alternating knots

- Owens and Swenton have a method for generating ribbon disks for alternating knots
- Our sample has 203,488 alternating knots; we have ribbon disks for 81,577.
- ► They have ribbon disks for 82,015.
- ► They have 475 knots that we don't. We have 37 knots they don't.

### Knots that share a zero surgery

Freedman, Gompf, Morrison and Walker's potential method to find a counter-example to the smooth 4-dimensional Poincaré conjecture: Find K that bounds a disk in  $W \setminus B^4$  for a homotopy 4-sphere W, so that it doesn't bound a disk in the standard  $B^4$ 

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$$S_0^3(K) = S_0^3(K')$$

and one of them is slice and the other is not, this can be used to construct the above. (They propose some pairs constructed using RBG links.)

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26,844 of these had  $\leq$  60 crossings

# Knots that share a 0-surgery with a knot of $\leq$ 18 crossings

For those where the larger knot had  $\leq$  60 crossings:

Base slice	other slice	
-1	-1	1639
-1	0	3293
0	-1	11
0	0	180
0	1	59
1	0	2236
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(Note there are 70 knots for which we know the status of the *larger* one and not the one in our sample.)

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Sinks in the directed graph of ribbon concordances

every component we found had a unique sink

#### Thank you!

Thank you for the invitation and thank you for listening!